

Centre-to-centre traffic signal priority request protocol

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1 Introduction

1.1 **About this document**

- This document has been produced by RTIG as a specification for a set of messages that can be 1.1.1 communicated between a bus management centre and a traffic control centre, in order to request and grant priority for buses at traffic signals.
- 1.1.2 This status of this document is **published**, following completion of industry review within both RTIG and the UTMC Development Group.
- 1.1.3 We are grateful for the constructive contributions of all those involved; in particular Acis (now Vix), whose work for SYPTE formed the basis of the previous version, and Trapeze, who coordinated the technical update.

1.2 Context

- 1.2.1 In support of transport policy, it is frequently desirable to give buses preferential access to green time at traffic signals. This can improve both running time and reliability, both potentially significant drivers of passenger happiness, and can therefore contribute to achieving modal shift.
- 1.2.2 Signal priority is not the only way of achieving bus priority. However other approaches tend to involve significant infrastructure work – bus lanes, gated intersections, or even bus-only roadways. These can be very effective, but they are expensive and time consuming to implement, require sufficient real estate to be available, and involve substantial disruption during works. While signal priority cannot provide as much benefit, it is much simpler and cheaper to implement.
- 1.2.3 There are two ways of achieving signal priority. The approach generally adopted is for a system local to the traffic signals to be triggered by the approach of a bus. Either a device on the roadside (or in the road) detects a bus and directs the signal controller to grant priority, or a device in the bus communicates its presence to a roadside receiver. Figure 1.1a overleaf shows this diagrammatically. An existing RTIG protocol (RTIGT008) provides an open specification for this solution, where the trigger is generated actively by the bus².
- 1.2.4 This approach is not always desirable. It requires work on the traffic signal controllers directly, which may be expensive (particularly if many junctions are affected). It often also requires buses to be specially equipped in order to activate the trigger.
- 1.2.5 In many areas, particularly town and city centres, traffic signals are already connected in to a central "urban traffic control" (UTC) computer which facilitates flow on an area-wide basis. A local priority request would either have to override the UTC control, potentially disrupting flows across a wide area; or wait for the signal controller to pass the request to the UTC system for granting or rejecting.

¹ There are several ways in which priority may be granted, and in any case the traffic signal controller may elect not to grant the request. The algorithm for deciding how to react is a traffic management function, and is outside the scope of this document.

[&]quot;Radio Link Specification for RTI-driven Traffic Light Priority and Display Cleardown", reference RTIGT008-1.5, July 2005.

1.2.6 An alternative way of achieving priority is possible where there is both centralised UTC and a centralised vehicle tracking system, namely to negotiate for priority on a centre-to-centre basis (Figure 1.1b). On-vehicle and street side equipment is much less affected in this approach. However, it is less effective than local triggering if the AVL communications are not robust, or if the communications latency is too high.

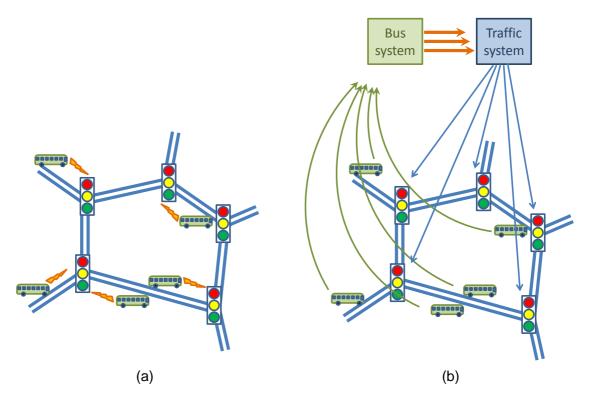


Figure 1.1 Two ways of triggering bus priority: (a) locally, and (b) centrally

- 1.2.7 An additional benefit of the centre-to-centre approach is that it allows for much more sophisticated tuning of the priority "business rules" algorithms can readily be tweaked, both:
 - within the AVL central system e.g. which buses the operator wants to be granted priority, based on lateness, occupancy etc., without passing all the data to the traffic management system;
 - within the UTC e.g. on which signals are included in the priority network, how much priority is given, even how much "downstream" junctions are pre-prepared for the arrival of a bus.
- 1.2.8 It is not necessary to have only one bus management centre. It is possible for multiple centres (for example those of different operators, or those from neighbouring regions) to submit priority requests to the traffic system. The decision about which to grant lies with the traffic system.
- 1.2.9 In this architecture, all that will normally be required from the vehicle management system is a sufficiently frequent update on each vehicle's location. The management centre will normally be able to assess lateness, if this is a factor in whether to request priority or not. If the operator wishes to take into account other factors, such as loading, it is his responsibility to arrange for the collection of any necessary data from his vehicles.

1.2.10 However a second possibility is available where buses and signal controllers are equipped for local priority triggers (Figure 1.2). In this, the priority message received at the controller is passed not to the signal, but back to the centre, where it is passed to the appropriate bus control system. Although this requires investment in on-bus and on-street systems, it does allow operators better control over their priority requests, while retaining the integrity of the UTC's area control. It also avoids any problems with wide are radio communications.

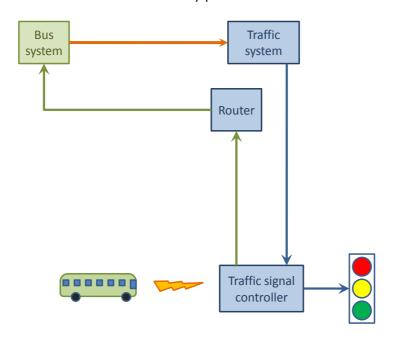


Figure 1.2 Using local priority triggers with an area-wide UTC

1.3 Scope

- 1.3.1 The existing RTIG document RTIGT008 provides a specification for local trigger messages (the orange flashes on Figure 1.1a and Figure 1.2). This specification builds on the same request semantics, but applies to the central trigger requests (the orange arrows on Figure 1.1b and Figure 1.2).
- 1.3.2 In Figure 1.2, this specification can also be used for the allocation message from the traffic manager's router out to the bus system.
- 1.3.3 This specification does not impose functional requirements of this nature on either the vehicle management system or the UTC. These must be agreed within each scheme, between the owners of the two relevant systems.
- 1.3.4 This specification presents a schema and models for an interface based on XML messages. The channel by which these messages are conveyed is not defined; the expectation is that in most cases this will be over a fixed internet link, but alternatives (for instance, direct Ethernet, WiFi, or 3G/4G) are possible.
- 1.3.5 The current version of the specification allows for the transfer of information on schedule deviation, but also a separate indication of level of priority requested. It also provides information on the identity of the bus, and its desired movement at the signal.

- 1.3.6 The current version of the specification does not indicate whether priority has been granted. "Priority" may encompass anything from flexing green times by a second or two, to the configuration of a green wave over several junctions. Moreover, whether the driver can actually safely make the junction depends on factors other than whether priority was granted. It is therefore expected that reporting on priority requests granted would be done in "batch mode", say once a month, rather than in real time. Again, this becomes part of the UTC system functionality and is excluded from this document.
- 1.3.7 It is expected that this approach will cover the majority of needs, but the specification may be revised if it proves necessary.

Priority request specification 2

2.1 **Definition**

2.1.1 The PriorityRequest service message has the following structure.

PriorityRequest			Request for priority through a signalised junction for a specific vehicle	
	sequence	1:1	065535	Sequence number for request message, generated by source system. Used to de-duplicate requests and as a reference for acknowledgements.
	date_time	1:1	xsd:dateTime	DateTime reference for the request, generated by source system using W3C compatible date-time (which is based on ISO8601 date and time) and specifying timezone offset, YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssTZD
				This timestamp indicates the time at which the vehicle triggered the relevant junction trigger point.
				Standard XML construct.
	traffic_signal	1:1	016383	Enumerated. Depends on a common database of traffic signals.
				Default = 0 (Unknown)
	movement	1:1	031	Enumerated. Depends on a common database of movement definitions.
				Default = 0. If vehicle position information is available through other channels, straight ahead may be assumed (if possible).
	trigger_point	1:1	03	Enumerated.
				The enumeration must follow that described in T008 namely: 0 = Registration (default) 1 = Request 2 = Clear 3 = Reserved
				Default = 0. This will indicate a registration, and will (by itself) likely to result in no UTC action.

PriorityRequest			Request for priority through a signalised junction for a specific vehicle	
	priority	1:1	06	Enumerated.
				0 = No Operation 1 = Very Low 2 = Low 3 = Normal 4 = High 5 = Very High (Reserved) 6 = Emergency (Reserved)
	schedule_deviation	1:1	031	Enumerated.
				Default/on time or early = 0 n minutes late = n (n=129) 30 or more minutes late = 30, Unknown = 31
	local_vcc	1:1	015	Enumerated. Depends on a common database of local VCCs.
				Vehicles other than buses may be given priority with an "effective LVCC" (e.g. "Fire service") or a default LVCC.
				Default = 0.
	operator	1:1	<string></string>	Operator reference or equivalent.
				This field used together with <vehicle> can be used to provide a unique vehicle reference.</vehicle>
				Maximum 31 characters
	vehicle	1:1	xsd:nonNegativeInteg	Fleet number or equivalent.
			er 1 2147483647	This field used together with coperator can be used to provide a unique vehicle reference.
				Positive integer Minimum Value = 1

- 2.1.2 Most fields are enumerated for ease of message construction. This imposes a need to agree and share a number of different databases between systems.
- 2.1.3 The two fields, date time and sequence, are not defined in RTIGT008, but are also mandatory and must be supplied by the source system. The receiving (UTC) system must be able to handle possible duplicate sequence numbers from distinct sources and report back correct sequence numbers to respective sources where required.

- 2.1.4 The format of date_time is a standard W3C compatible date-time (which is based on ISO8601 date and time) specifying TimeZone offset (eg 2009-06-15T13:45:30+00:00). This is designed to be easy to validate and process using standard XML libraries.
- 2.1.5 Where priority requests are generated by a real-time tracking system, it is the responsibility of the central system to:
 - from the reported vehicle location, and the route being served, determine which traffic signal is being approached, the location of the trigger point, and which movement the bus requires through it
 - from the reported vehicle location, and the timetable for the journey being operated, determine the schedule deviation
 - translate vehicle tracking identity into the format used here (operator plus vehicle, and local vcc (where applicable))
 - identify whether a priority request is required, and if so with what priority level
 - send a request message at the appropriate time, accurately timestamped. It is a responsibility of the central system to filter messages so that stale messages are not sent.
- 2.1.6 The field schedule_deviation is mandatory, but can be defaulted. If the agreement is that the UTC does not need to know this field, the real-time tracking system will not need to match the vehicle against its schedule and can simply insert a 31 here, indicating that schedule deviation is not known. Note that the UTC can still be set up to grant priority even for on-time buses³.
- 2.1.7 The <pri><pri><pri>ty></pri><pri>field is enumerated and designed to match UTC signal priority enumeration.</pr> While values 5, and 6 exist they should be treated as reserved and avoided. Values of 0-4 are suitable for modelling day-to-day request priorities, with 3 (normal) being recommended for a typical request.

2.2 Message structure

2.2.1 Exploiting the simple structure for the data, the basic form of the XML output is as follows. The data values in this are fabricated.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<rtig tlp xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</pre>
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="RTIGT031-1%201%20Centre-
centre%20TLP%20XML%20Schema.xsd"
version="1.1" traffic signal="5824" movement="2" trigger point="0"
priority="2" schedule deviation="2"
local vcc="0" operator="abc" vehicle="463" date time="2009-06-
15T13:45:30+00:00" sequence="12"/>
```

³ In addition the operator can insert a priority level, which may be based on other factors. For example express routes, park and ride, school services or rail replacement vehicles might be granted higher or lower priority than residential services.

2.3 Schema

2.3.1 The associated schema element describing the above is as follows.

```
<xsd:element name="rtig tlp">
        <xsd:complexType>
            <xsd:attribute fixed="1.1" name="version" use="required">
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="sequence" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Unique sequence number as a
reference for request, generated by source system</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="65535"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="date time" type="xsd:dateTime"</pre>
use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Date and time indicating when
the particular vehicle reached the relevant junction trigger point
</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name=" traffic signal" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Agreed (source system)
reference for traffic signal</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="16383"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="movement" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Agreed (source system)
reference for traffic movement</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="31"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="trigger point" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>0 =
```

```
Registration</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>1 = Request</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>2 = Clear</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>3 =
Reserved</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="3"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="priority" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>0 = No
Operation</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>1 = Very
Low</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>2 = Low</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>3 = Normal</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>4 = High</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>5 = Very High
(reserved) </xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>6 = Emergency
(reserved) </xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="6"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="schedule deviation" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>0 = On-time, or
Early</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>1-29 = n minutes
late</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>30 = 30 (or more) minutes
late</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>31 = Schedule Deviation
Unknown</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="31"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="local vcc" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Agreed (source system) vehicle
type</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
```

```
<xsd:maxInclusive value="15"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="operator" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Agreed (source system) operator
reference</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
                        <xsd:maxLength value="31"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="vehicle" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Agreed (source system) vehicle
id</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Must be a unique (within source
system) </xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Mininum value =
1</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:minInclusive value="1"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
        </xsd:complexType>
   </xsd:element>
```

3 Priority request acknowledgement

3.1 Definition

- 3.1.1 The PriorityRequestAcknowledgement service message is required to be used as an immediate quasi-synchronous response to a PriorityRequest. This message is **not** designed to carry information regarding whether priority was actually granted.
- 3.1.2 Simple validation is permitted prior to response, but comprehensive validation should not be attempted if it would delay the acknowledgement through excessive processing time.
- 3.1.3 The PriorityRequestAcknowledgement service message has the following structure.

PriorityRequestAcknowledgement			Simple Acknowledgement to a request for priority through a signalised junction for a specific vehicle
sequence	1:1	065535	Sequence number for request message that is being acknowledged.
quality	1:1	03	Enumerated. Indicates meaning (or "quality") of response as follows: 0 = Standard XML schema validation only 1 = Request content successfully validated 2 = Validation failed Default = 0
date_time	1:1	xsd:dateTime	DateTime reference for request receipt. Standard XML construct.

- 3.1.4 Any <sequence number> field sent must be relevant to the source that sent the request. In situations where a receiver is receiving multiple RTIG T031 feeds from different sources, care must be taken to return the correct sequence numbers in acknowledgements back to the different sources.
- 3.1.5 The <quality> field allows the request receiver to qualify what the acknowledgement means. Using a default value of 0 simply acts as a positive proof of receipt, with no indication of any validation over and above basic XML parsing and schema validation.
- 3.1.6 The <date_time> field contains the date and time generated by the receiver to indicate when the request was received, and allows for transfer time statistics to be calculated.

3.2 Message structure

3.2.1 Exploiting the simple structure for the data, the basic form of the XML output is as follows. The numerical values in this are fabricated.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<rtig_tlpack xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="RTIGT031-1%201%20Centre-
    centre%20TLP%20XML%20Schema.xsd"
    version="1.1" sequence="12" quality="0" date_time="2009-06-
15T13:45:31+00:00"/>
```

3.3 Schema

3.3.1 The associated schema element describing the above is included as text below:

```
<xsd:element name="rtig tlpack">
        <xsd:complexType>
            <xsd:attribute fixed="1.1" name="version" use="required">
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="sequence" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Sequence number of original
request with which this acknowledgement is
associated</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="65535"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="quality" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>0 = Standard XML schema
validation only</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>1 = Request content
successfully validated</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>2 = Validation
failed</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="3"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="date time" type="xsd:dateTime"</pre>
use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Date and time indicating when
request was received </xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
            </xsd:attribute>
        </xsd:complexType>
   </xsd:element>
```

4 Priority request result

4.1 Definition

- 4.1.1 The PriorityRequestResult service message is optional and designed to be used as an asynchronous response to a PriorityRequest with a trigger_point value of 1 ("Request"). A PriorityRequestResult service message should **not** be sent in response to "Registration" or "Clear" messages.
- 4.1.2 The PriorityRequestResult service message includes fields that are used to indicate how the UTC handled the request with respect to whether priority was actually granted. In practice the PriorityRequestResult service message is often deferred until the UTC decides that the vehicle has cleared the junction.
- 4.1.3 The PriorityRequestResult service message has the following structure.

PriorityRequestResult			Deferred result response to a request for priority through a signalised junction for a specific vehicle	
se	equence	1:1	065535	Sequence number for request message that is being acknowledged.
re	esult	1:1	02	Enumerated
				Indicates whether or not the priority request was granted:
				0 = No priority action necessary 1 = Priority granted 2 = Priority denied
				Default = 0
d€	etail	1:1	0 31	Enumerated
				Provides detail to qualify result: 0 = No detail available 10 = Extension 11 = Recall 12 = Stay 13 = Skip 20 = Insufficient priority 21 = Unable to grant Default = 0 Values in range not enumerated above are reserved
de	ecision_date_time	1:0	xsd:dateTime	DateTime reference for when priority result was decided Standard XML construct.

PriorityRequ	estResult			Deferred result response to a request for priority through a signalised junction for a specific vehicle
cle	ear_date_time	1:0	xsd:dateTime	DateTime reference for when bus cleared the junction. This can be based on UTC modelling or on a "Clear" message from bus via RT System. Standard XML construct.

- 4.1.4 Any <sequence> field sent must be relevant to the source that sent the request. In situations where a receiver is receiving multiple RTIG T031 feeds from different sources, care must be taken to return the correct sequence numbers in acknowledgements back to the different sources.
- 4.1.5 The <result>, <detail>, <decision_date_time>, and <clear_date_time> provide enhanced information regarding the UTC handling of the associated request.
- 4.1.6 The <result> field provides a basic indication of whether priority was granted or denied. A value of 0 for this field has a very specific meaning. It indicates that the UTC analysis of the junction flow (at the time of the request) identified that there was no action it could reasonably take that would improve the progress of the vehicle, given the other constraints on its operation.
- 4.1.7 The <detail> field qualifies the value returned for the result field.
- 4.1.8 Detail values to qualify a "priority granted" result from UTC have the following meaning and use:
 - 10 = Extension extend the current stage
 - 11 = Recall move to required stage using the normal sequence
 - 12 = Stay keep to the planned duration of this stage
 - 13 = Skip move to required stage by omitting some stages
- 4.1.9 Detail options to qualify a "priority denied" result from UTC are as follows:
 - 20 = Insufficient priority a higher priority request was granted at the expense of this request
 - 21 = Unable to comply UTC does not have authority (or capability) to grant this request
- 4.1.10 Values in the range 0..31 other than 0 and those described above are reserved in this version of the specification, and should be treated as erroneous if observed.
- 4.1.11 The <decision_date_time> field is an optional timestamp indicating when the UTC made its decision regarding whether priority should be granted.
- 4.1.12 The <clear_date_time> field is an optional timestamp indicating when the UTC deemed that the vehicle had cleared the junction. This timestamp will either reflect the UTC modelling of the progress of the vehicle, or be generated as a result of the UTC receiving a "Clear" message.

4.2 Message structure

4.2.1 Exploiting the simple structure for the data, the basic form of the XML output is as follows. The numerical values in this are fabricated.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<rtig_tlpresult xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="RTIGT031-1%201%20Centre-
    centre%20TLP%20XML%20Schema.xsd"
    version="1.1" sequence="12" result="1" detail="10"
    decision_date_time="2009-06-15T13:45:32+00:00" clear_date_time="2009-
06-15T13:45:35+00:00"/>
```

4.3 Schema

4.3.1 The associated schema element describing the above is as follows:

```
<xsd:element name="rtig_tlpresult">
        <xsd:complexType>
            <xsd:attribute fixed="1.1" name="version" use="required">
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="sequence" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Sequence number of original
request with which this result is associated</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="65535"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="result" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>0 = No Action (progress of bus
through junction could not be improved) </xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>1 = Priority
Granted</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>2 = Priority
Denied</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="2"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="detail" use="required">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>0 = No detail available
</xsd:documentation>
```

```
<xsd:documentation>10 =
Extension</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>11 = Recall</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>12 = Stay</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>13 = Skip</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>20 = Higher priority request
took precedence</xsd:documentation>
                    <xsd:documentation>21 = Unable to grant
priority</xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:simpleType>
                    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:nonNegativeInteger">
                        <xsd:maxInclusive value="31"/>
                    </xsd:restriction>
                </xsd:simpleType>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="decision_date_time"</pre>
type="xsd:dateTime" use="optional">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Date and time indicating when
priority result was decided </xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
            </xsd:attribute>
            <xsd:attribute name="clear date time" type="xsd:dateTime"</pre>
use="optional">
                <xsd:annotation>
                    <xsd:documentation>Date and time indicating when
bus cleared junction </xsd:documentation>
                </xsd:annotation>
            </xsd:attribute>
        </xsd:complexType>
    </xsd:element>
```